

Elfin-EW11A

Comments & application guide

Table of contents

1. General	1
2. Configuration	1
2.1. Connecting to the Elfin-EW11A	1
2.2. Default settings	1
2.3. Procedure to load the default settings	3
3. Client specific configuration	4
3.1. WiFi access point to use	4
3.2. MQTT settings	4
3.3. Serial settings	5
3.4. Modbus registers to MQTT: basics	6
4. Testing the MQTT connection	8
5. Advanced settings - Modbus registers to MQTT: making new scripts for new device types	9
6. Factory resetting the Elfin-EW11A	.11

1. General

For configuring the Elfin-EW11A RS485 to Ethernet converter, the IOTService application software is needed. See the <u>manufacturer website download section</u>. Here the user manual and operation guide can also be downloaded.

2. Configuration

2.1. Connecting to the Elfin-EW11A

The Elfin-EW11A should normally setup a WiFi access point to which you can connect for further configuration of the stick. In our case this network was called EW11_87E0. If no access point can be found, the stick must be reset. See below on how to do that.

Note that if the stick is in AP+STA mode, the configuration page of the access point may be very slow.

2.2. Default settings

The following settings will be configured when loading the default settings file on the device:



Device Setting				×
-				
System		SOCKET	WiFi Mode:	APSTA 🔻
User:	admin	SOCKET Name: netp 💌		
Password:	admin	Protocol: MQTT 🗨	AP SSID:	EW11_889C Hide
HostName:	EW11	Server Addr: mqtt.eniris.be	AP Key:	
DHCP:	Enable 💌		AP Channel:	CH6
IP Address:		Server Port: 80	STA SSID:	AndroidAP1000
Mask:		Local Port: 1883	STA Key:	zar45bxj
Gate Way:		Keep Alive: 120	Smart Config:	SmartLink 💌
DNS:	1.1.1.1	Time Out: 0		·
Network Mode:	Router 💌	Rout:		Scan
Longitude:	0.0			
Latitude:	0.0	Buffer Size: 512		
		New SOCKET SOCKET Del		
UART		LAN		
UART No:	UART 1 💌	IP Address: 10.10.100.254		
Baudrate:	9600 💌	Mask: 255.255.255.0		
Data Bits:	8 💌	DHCP: Enable		
Stop Bits:	1 💌	Eth Wan: Disable 💌		
Parity:	NONE	LAN Separate	Confirm	Cancel Detail
Flow Control:	Half-Duplex 💌	Internet Access Setup >>	Export	Import VirPath
Buffer Size:	512	QoS: Setup >>	F-Set Update F-	Set Clear DiDo
🔡 Setup Detail				×
System		UART	SOCKET	
Telnet:	Disable 🔻	UART No: UART 1 🔻	SOCKET Name:	netp 💌
Telnet Port:		UART Protocol: NONE	Security:	Disable 💌
Telnet Echo:	Enable	Modbus Timeout(ms): 🖌 Auto 0	Security Key:	
		Frame Length: 16		
Embedded Web:	Enable	Frame Time: 100	Connect Mode:	Always 💌
Web Port:	80	Tag Enable: Disable 💌	Stop Serial:	
NTP:	Disable 💌	Tag Start: 0	HeartBeat:	Disable
NTP Server:		Tag End: 0	HeartBeat Time:	0
NTP Port:		SW Flow Control: Disable	HeartBeat Serial:	
NTP GMT:	8 🔻	Xon: 11	Regist Mode:	Disable
		Xoff: 13	Regist Code:	
WiFi Roaming		Cli Getln: Disable 💌	Max Client NumMax Cl	
in Nouthing		Serial-String:		V
WiFi Roaming:	Disable 💌	Cli Wait Time: 300		
Scan RSSI Threshold:		Gap Time: 50		
Connect RSSI Threshold:		Offline Buffer: Disable 💌		
		Uisable		

Edit Script

Confirm

Cancel



After connecting to the stick's access point, start the "IOTService" program for configuring the stick. If well connected, it should detect the stick. If it doesn't, right click and refresh inside the program.

I.O.T Service				_		\times
Management (M) Setting (C) Help (н)					* 中文
Serial Config Config	Status 🔁 Vi	irPath 10 IO Ctr	Group Setting	(B Disc	onnected
SN DevType MAC Address Host	tName IP	Position	VirPath	Status	SM	Ver
1 EW11 34EAE71A87E0 EW11	10.10.100.254	Local		Online	1.42.8	

Double click on the stick. Click "Edit". Note that if in the "Status" column it says "Offline", the IOTService program will not be able to contact the stick.

🗟 Device Status				×
System	SOCKET SOCKET Name: Protocol: Status: Client IP: Recv Bytes: 0 Send Bytes: 0 Fail Bytes: 0	netp TCP-SERVER Server Created Recv Frames: 0 Send Frames: 0 Fail Frames: 0	Network HostName: DHCP: IP Address: Mask: Gate Way: MAC Address: WiFi	EW11 Enable 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 34EAE71A87E0
Product ID:EW11Software Version:1.42.8RTC Time:NTP DisabledUp Time:0-Day 0:7:34Total Free Memory:46712Max Block Size:46712	UART UART No: Config: 115200,8,1,NONE Recv Bytes: 0 Send Bytes: 0 Fail Bytes: 0	VART 1 Recv Frames: 0 Send Frames: 0 Fail Frames: 0	Status: RSSI: Reload Restart	Disconnected -1

Click "Import", for loading a settings file. Load the provided settings file. The stick will restart when importing the settings has finished.

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System ViFi User: admin SOCKET Mode: AP	
User: admin Mode: AP	
SOCKET Name: netp	•
Password: admin AP SSID: E	W11_87E0 Hide
HostName: EW11 Protocol: TCP-SERVER AP Key:	
DHCP: Enable Server Addr: 0.0.0.0 AP Channel: AUT	0
IP Address: 0.0.0.0 Server Port: 0 STA SSID:	
Mask: 0.0.0.0 Local Port: 8899 STA Key:	
Gate Way: 0.0.0 Keep Alive: 60 Smart Config: Smart	artLink
DNS: 223.5.5.5 Time Out: 0 Scan	
Network Mode: Router Rout: uart Scan	
Longitude: 0.0 Buffer Size: 512	
Latitude: 0.0	
New SOCKET SOCKET Del	
UART No: UART 1 V IP Address: 10.10.100.254	
Baudrate: 115200 V Mask: 255.255.255.0	
Data Bits: 8 V DHCP: Enable V	
Stop Bits: 1 The Eth Wan: Disable The Stop Bits:	
Parity: NONE Confirm Cancer	cel Detail
Flow Control: Half-Duplex Internet Access Setup >> Export Impo	ort VirPath
Buffer Size: 512 QoS: Setup >> F-Set Update F-Set 0	ilear DiDo

When the stick has rebooted with the default settings, it will try to connect to a WiFi access point ("STA") with name "AndroidAP1000" and password "zar45bxj", and set up an access point of itself ("AP") called "EW11_889C" with password "zar45bxj".

3. Client specific configuration

3.1. WiFi access point to use

Connect again to the stick with the IOTService program with the access point set up by the stick. Go back to the settings page and change "STA SSID" and "STA Key" to the name and the password of the WiFi network you want the stick to connect to. When done click "Confirm".

When done click "Confirm".

3.2. MQTT settings

Click the edit button next to "Protocol" in the "SOCKET" part of the settings. Fill in as bellow, with the User and Password provided by Eniris. In the topic, replace [USER] with the User name.



🔯 Device Set	tina					X
System		SOCKET		WiFi		_
User:	admin	SOCKET Name:	etp 💌	Mode:	APSTA	-
Password:	admin	Protocol:		AP SSID:	EW11_889C Hide	
HostName:	EW11			AP Key:		
DHCP:	Enable 💌	Server Addr:	mqtt.eniris.be	AP Channel:	CH6	-
IP Address:	192.168.218.134	Server Port:	80	STA SSID:	AndroidAP	1000
Mask:	255.255.255.0	Local Port:	1883	STA Key:	zar4	l5bxj
Gate Way:	192.168.218.104	Keep Alive:	120	Smart Config:	SmartLink	-
DNS:	1.1.1.1	Time Out:	0		-	
Network Mode	Router 💌	Rout: uart	_		Scan	
Longitude:	0.0		510			
Latitude:	0.0	Buffer Size:	512			
		New SOCKET SO	CKET Del			
UART		LAN				
UART No:	UART 1	IP Address: 1	0.10.100.254			
Baudrate:	9600 💌	Mask: 2	55.255.255.0			
Data Bits:	8	DHCP: EI	nable 🔻			
Stop Bits:	1 💌	Eth Wan:	isable 🔻			
Parity:	NONE	LAN S	eparate	Confirm	Cancel Deta	il
Flow Control:	Half-Duplex v	Internet Access	Setup >>	Export	Import VirPa	th
Buffer Size:	512	QoS:	Setup >>	F-Set Update	F-Set Clear DiDo	

🔮 MQTT Edit	×
Version:	3
Ping Time:	60
Client ID:	%MAC
User:	[USER]
Password:	[PASSWORD]
Subscribe Topic:	elfin-ew11a/[USER]/%MAC/down
Subscribe Qos:	0
Publish Topic:	elfin-ew11a/[USER]/%MAC/up
Publish Qos:	0
	Confirm Cancel

3.3. Serial settings

If necessary for the serial device that you are connecting to, the baudrate, data bits, stop bits and parity can also be changed on this page. When done click "Confirm".

3.4. Modbus registers to MQTT: basics

It is unfortunately not straightforward to configure the stick to read certain Modbus registers and send these to the server over MQTT. What the stick can do however, is send fixed hexadecimal data strings over the serial line to the energy meter (or other Modbus device), wait for a reply, and send the reply over MQTT to the server.

The fixed hexademical data strings correspond to the hexadecimal representation of Modbus commands. The replies are also hexadecimal data strings, which correspond to the hexadecimal representation of Modbus replies. Decoding of the replies on the server is necessary.

It must be noted that once set, the Modbus commands cannot be changed remotely any more.

To configure the stick to send Modbus commands to a device and send the replies to the server, in the Device Settings, click "Detail". Next, click "Script". Click "Import Script", and choose the right script for the right application.

NOTE: Before uploading a new script, it may be necessary to delete an old script with the "Delete Script" button.

MAKE SURE THE SCRIPT IS CORRECT. AN INCORRECT SCRIPT CAN MAKE THE STICK INACCESSIBLE FOREVER.

Device Settin	ig			×
System		SOCKET	WiFi	
User:	admin	SOCKET Name:	Mode:	APSTA 🔻
Password:	admin		AP SSID:	EW11_889C 🗌 Hide
HostName:	EW11	Protocol:	AP Key:	
DHCP:	Enable 💌	Server Addr: mqtt.eniris.be	AP Channel:	СН6 💌
IP Address:	192.168.89.134	Server Port: 80	STA SSID:	AndroidAP1000
Mask:	255.255.255.0	Local Port: 1883	STA Key:	zar45bxj
Gate Way:	192.168.89.129	Keep Alive: 120	Smart Config:	SmartLink 💌
DNS:	1.1.1.1	Time Out: 0		Scan
Network Mode:	Router 💌	Rout: uart 💌		Scan
Longitude:	0.0	Buffer Size: 512		
Latitude:	0.0			
		New SOCKET SOCKET Del		
UART		LAN		
UART No:	UART 1 💌	IP Address: 10.10.100.254		
Baudrate:	9600 💌	Mask: 255.255.255.0		
Data Bits:	8 💌	DHCP: Enable 💌		
Stop Bits:	1 💌	Eth Wan: Disable 💌		
Parity:	NONE	LAN Separate	Confirm	Cancel Detail
Flow Control:	Half-Duplex 💌	Internet Access Setup >>	Export	Import VirPath
Buffer Size:	512	QoS: Setup >>	F-Set Update	-Set Clear DiDo

ENIRIS



		mouse intoeutine/i - intere
•	🗟 Edit Script	×
:		Import Script Export Script Delete Script
זנ		Read Script Para Add Script Para
in T St		Confirm Close

An example of the script file can be seen below. For example, FLASH(STRHEX)cmd2 contains the Modbus command to read out the voltage of an Eastron SDM120M with serial address 1.

The scripts are always specific for a device type, desired registers & device modbus address!

FLASHMAGIC=2
FLASH(NUM)HFScriptFunction=1
FLASH(NUM)qryIntv=1000
FLASH(NUM)upIntv=60
FLASH(NUM)upMetd=0
FLASH(NUM)upJson=1
FLASH(STRSTR)jsonName="SN-MC-SWV Voltage_V Current_A Power_W RPower_VAr Imp_kWh
Exp_kWh Imp_kVArh Exp_kVArh"
FLASH(STRHEX)cmd1="01 03 FC 00 00 04 74 59"
FLASH(STRHEX)cmd2="01 04 00 00 00 02 71 cb"
FLASH(STRHEX)cmd3="01 04 00 06 00 02 91 ca"
FLASH(STRHEX)cmd4="01 04 00 0C 00 02 b1 c8"
FLASH(STRHEX)cmd5="01 04 00 18 00 02 f1 cc"
FLASH(STRHEX)cmd6="01 04 00 48 00 02 f1 dd"
FLASH(STRHEX)cmd7="01 04 00 4a 00 02 50 1d"
FLASH(STRHEX)cmd8="01 04 00 4c 00 02 b0 1c"
FLASH(STRHEX)cmd9="01 04 00 4e 00 02 11 dc"

The json mqtt data send to the server looks like:

{"key":"Voltage_V","value":"01040443676666F455"}

The value given here is a string of hexadecimal numbers that represent a modbus reply. See the modbus protocol and the documentation of the meter used for how to decode this message.



4. Testing the MQTT connection

To check if the stick is connected and sending data over MQTT to the server, install the free program "MQTT Explorer". Once installed, open and make a new MQTT connection with the following settings (substitute [USER] and [PASSWORD] with the ones given by Eniris for the stick):

^{Name} nqtt.eniris.be - Test	Validate certificate	Encryption (tls)
Protocol Host mqtt:// - mqtt.eniris.be		Port 80
Jsername USER]	Password	Ø

Next, click "Advanced" to configure the topic to (substitute [USER] again with the username given by Eniris for the stick):

MQT	Connection mqtt://mqtt.eniris.be:80/		
Topic elfin-ew11a	/[USER]/#	QoS 0 💌	+ ADD
	Торіс		QoS
i	elfin-ew11a/[USER]/#		0
MQTT Client IE mqtt-explore	er-77a9e78e		M BACK

When configured, click "Back" and "Connect". You should now connect to the server and be published to the same topic as the stick is writing. If everything is working correctly, you should see regular updates coming in.



5. Advanced settings - Modbus registers to MQTT: making new scripts for new device types

To do this, it is necessary to know the registers to read, the read function that must be used for this, and the modbus address that the device to be read has. The first two can normally be found in the datasheet & manual of the device. The last one is configurable on the device itself. Generally it is recommended to leave the address to 1.

To generate the corresponding hex strings, a program called qModmaster can be used. It can be downloaded from https://sourceforge.net/projects/qmodmaster/. It is also necessary to set up a virtual serial port on your computer, e.g. with "HW Virtual Serial Port".

First, create the virtual serial port. It can be to any ip address and any port, as it is just a dummy for qModmaster.

🏶 HW Virtual Serial Port - HW VSP3 (Admin access) — 🗌 🗙						
UDP Search Virtual Serial Port Settings Advanced About						
General						
Port Name: IP Address:	Port:					
COM3 <=> 192.168.1.42	2 : 23					
External NVT Commands Port: 2003						
-VSP						
Status: Created	Status: Connecting					
Baud: -						
Bits: -	Counters					
Parity: -	VSP: LAN: QUEUE:					
Stopbits: -	Rx: 0 0 0					
Handflow: -	Tx: 0 0 0					
え <u>C</u> reate COM 会 Login						
HWg-WLD www.HW-group.com Version 3.1.2 HWg-WLD Simple ethernet Water Leak Detector - Sensing cable up to 100 m - Web interface, SNMP & Email alert						

Next, connect to this virtual serial port in qModmaster. Under "Options" \rightarrow "Modbus RTU". The serial port must be the same as the virtual serial port. The other settings do not matter.



Modbus	?	Х
Serial device	COM	~
Serial port	3	\$
Baud	9600	~
Data Bits	8	~
Stop Bits	1	~
Parity	None	~
RTS	Disable	~
ОК	Cancel	

Next, under "View", open "Bus monitor". Here the Modbus hex strings will appear after a command is sent. Furthermore, make sure "Modbus Mode" is set to "RTU". Under "Command", click "Connect".

For example, for the Eastron SDM120M Modbus meter, with Modbus slave address 1, the current can be read from register 7 with the "read input registers" function. Two registers must be read, as the documentation specifies that the the value is 32-bit float, spread over two 16-bit floats. Configure as below, and click "Commands" \rightarrow "Read/Write". qModmaster will try to send the right modbus hex string to the virtual serial port, which will normally fail. The hex string can be read in the Bus Monitor. In this case, it is "01 04 00 06 00 02 91 ca".

and QModMaster	_		×	Bus Monitor – 🗆 🗙
File Options Commands View Help				🗎 🏷 🔚 🛛
🕹 🗗 🗾 🛣 😂 🕹 🗐 🐱		👻 💻		
Read data failed. Error : Timeout			×	[RTU]>Tx > 17:02:15:818 - Error : Timeout
Modbus Mode RTU Slave Addr 1 🗘 Scan Rate (ms) 1000 🗘				
Function Code Read Input Registers (0x04) V Start Address 7 🗘 Dec V				
Number of Registers 2 🕏 Data Format Hex 🗸				
-//- x x x x x x	x	x		ADU
	^	^		3
RTU : COM3 9600,8,1,None Base Addr : 1 Packets : 4	Endian : Li	ittle Errors	: 4	

In the script file for the Elfin, the hex string as identified above must be entered as:

FLASH(STRHEX)cmd2="01 04 00 06 00 02 91 ca"

Or with another cmd number that is available. Up to 9 command numbers can be used.

After the variable "FLASH(STRSTR)jsonName" follows a string that enumerates all variables that are read, in the same order as the commands. E.g.

FLASH(STRSTR)jsonName="Voltage_V Current_A"

FLASH(STRHEX)cmd1="01 04 00 00 00 02 71 cb"



FLASH(STRHEX)cmd2="01 04 00 06 00 02 91 ca"

corresponds to: send the reply of cmd1 back over mqtt with key name "Voltage_V" and the reply of cmd2 with key name "Current_A".

The other settings in the script file can be left as above.

IMPORTANT

The script file must be 100% correct with the correct commands & hex strings, or it will not work.

6. Factory resetting the Elfin-EW11A

If the stick becomes unaccessible, it can be reset by connecting the Reload pin to the GND pin shortly (0.2 to 1.5 seconds). The stick will go into 'SmartLink" mode. For a factory reset, connect the Reload pin to the GND pin for more than 4 seconds. It can take a while for the device to show up with a WiFi network.

See as well the Elfin-EW11A user manual on page 10.