

## Teltonika RUT230/RUT240 Modbus TCP to MQTT

## **Modbus TCP**

Under Services  $\rightarrow$  Modbus  $\rightarrow$  Modbus TCP Master, click "Add". Fill out similar to below, adjusted for your situation. The IP-address and port of the Modbus TCP Slave you are reading may be different. It is necessary that the Modbus TCP Slave has a fixed IP address. This can either be set in the device itself, or in the DHCP settings pages of the router of the device is set to use DHCP.

In this example, input registers 1 to 2 and registers 4 to 6 of the Modbus TCP Slave are read out with the "Read input registers" function of the Modbus protocol.

Profile in use: default					I	FW ver.: RUT2X	X_R_00.01.13.1
Modbus TCP slave	Modbus TCP Master	Modbus Data to Ser	ver MQTT gate	way			
Advanced devi	ce settings						
Here you can add and co	nfigure request parameters	and alarms for this TCP sl	ave device				
Slave device config	guration						
	Enabled						
	Name	RevPi Test 1					
	Slave ID	1					
	IP address	192.168.0.244					
	Port	502					
	Period	5					
	Timeout	5					
Requests configura	ation						
Name Da	ata type Fr	unction F	First register	Register count / /alues	Enabled		
Output_1	6bit INT, high byte firs	Read input registers (4	1	2		Test	Delete
Output_4	6bit INT, high byte firs	Read input registers (4	4	3		Test	Delete
Add							
Back to Overview	N						Save



## **MQTT to Eniris servers**

Under Services  $\rightarrow$  Modbus  $\rightarrow$  Modbus Data to Server, click "Add". Fill out similar to the image below. Request the user name & password and topic for the MQTT connection of the router to Eniris. Click save when finished.

Profile in use: default				FW ver.: RUT2XX_R_00.01.13.1
Modbus TCP slave Mo	dbus TCP Master	Modbus Data to Server	MQTT gateway	
Advanced sender s	ettings			
Here you can configure advance	ed settings for the data	a sender		
Data sender configuration	on			
	Enabled			
	Name	Eniris Server		
	Protocol	MQTT -		
	JSON format	{"T":"%t", "S":"%s", "D":"% a"}	Modbus slave ID - %I Modbus slave IP - %p Date (Linux timestamp) - %t Date (Day/Month/Year Hour:Minute:Second) - %d Start register - %s Register data - %a	
	Segment count	1		
	Send as object			
URL / Hos	st / Connection string	thingsboard.eniris.be		
	Port	1883		
	Keepalive	60		
	Topic			
	Period	5		
	Data filtering	All data -		
	Retry on fail			
	Use TLS			
	Use credentials			
	Username			
	Password	••••••	¢۵	
Back to Overview				Save

Using an MQTT application such as MQTT Explorer you can check from your pc that messages get delivered to the broker by subscribing to the same topic with your personal user name & password (request to Eniris – this is different than the router user name & password). The server domain name is thingsboard.eniris.be, and the MQTT port 1883.



For the example above, the output will be similar to:

E Q Search	&
Topic 🚡 📋	
Value	
<>>	
[ {"T": "1615821349", "S": "4", "D": "[0,0,0]" ]	
▼ History	
15-03-2021 16:15:53 [{"T":"1615821349","S":"4","D":"[0,0,0]"}]	
15-03-2021 16:15:53(-0 seconds) [{"T":"1615821349","S":"1","D":"[0,0]"}]	

In this case, the meaning of these two messages is: At Unix epoch timestamp 1615821349, the three input registers starting at register number four had values 0, 0 and 0, and the two input registers starting at register number 1 had values 0 and 0.

With the input register table known, these json-strings can be parsed to return meaningful messages to the end user or store data for plotting in a dashboard.